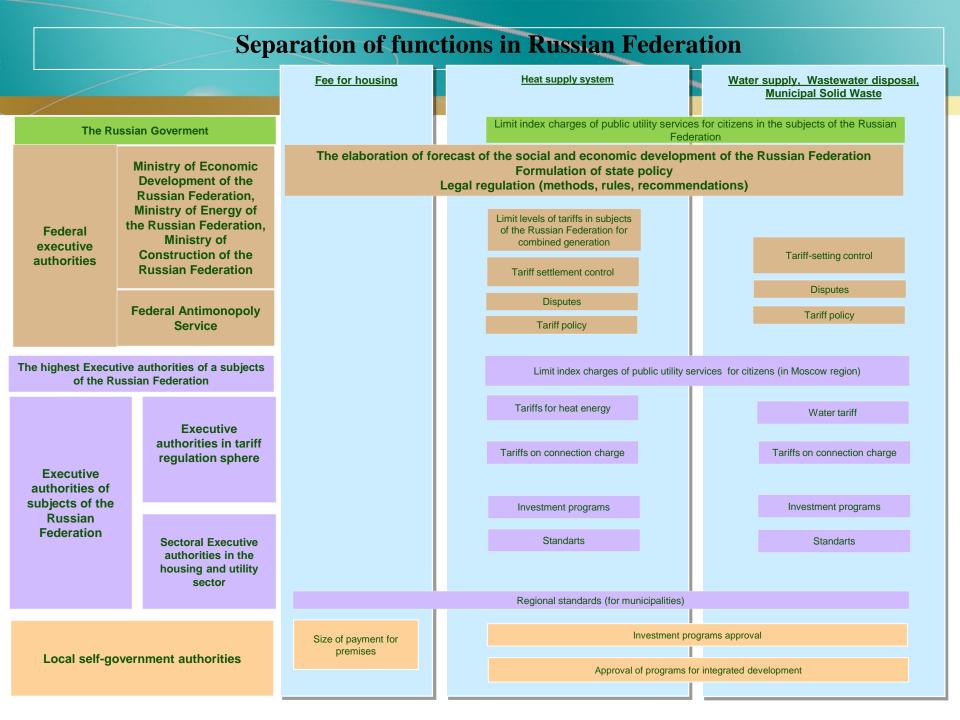


Federal antimonopoly service

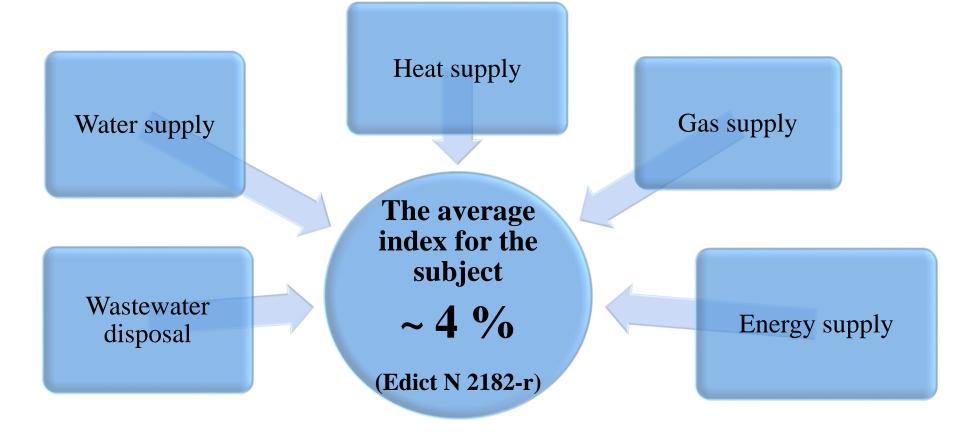
Peculiarities of tariff regulation in the housing and utility sector

Deputy Head of the Department for Control over Housing and Public Utilities Aleksandr Fediakov

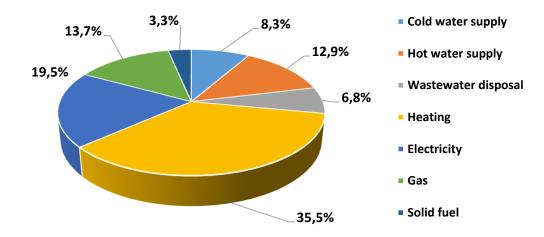
November 2016



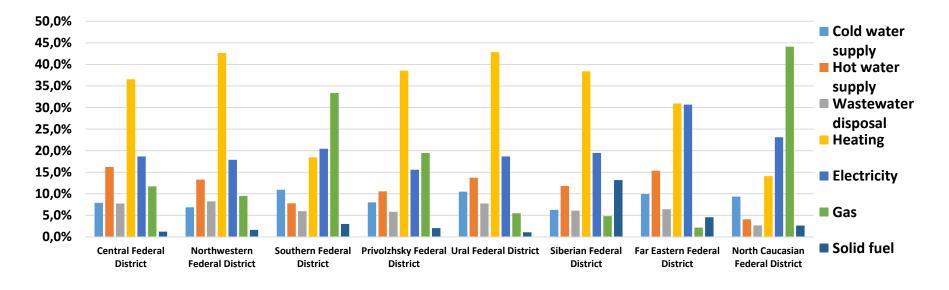
Limiting of charges for citizens for utilities in 2016



Structure of average price for citizens for the Russian Federation in the first half of 2016



Average price structure for citizens in the Federal districts of the Russian Federation in the first half of 2016



The rejection of the previous "tariff" paradigm

The implementation of the above-mentioned complex of measures will allow to abandon the old tariff definitions– required gross revenue (RGR), and pass only to the concept of price (tariff), that applies to the unit of the delivered good or provided services.

As a result, consumers will receive tariff reduction, and regulated organizations will have incentives to improve efficiency and reduce cost with the same level of savings in a long-term period of regulation.



Within 3-5 year period will be possible to withdraw from direct regulation of such organization, ensuring change of tariff by index method (while maintaining quality control of its work).